DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Problem Definition

Our aerial-aquatic quadrotor is designed to handle air and water movement to traverse a variety of different conditions to conduct surveillance and data collection. It has the ability to translate between both air and water while keeping a single compact design that can operate for an extended period of time.

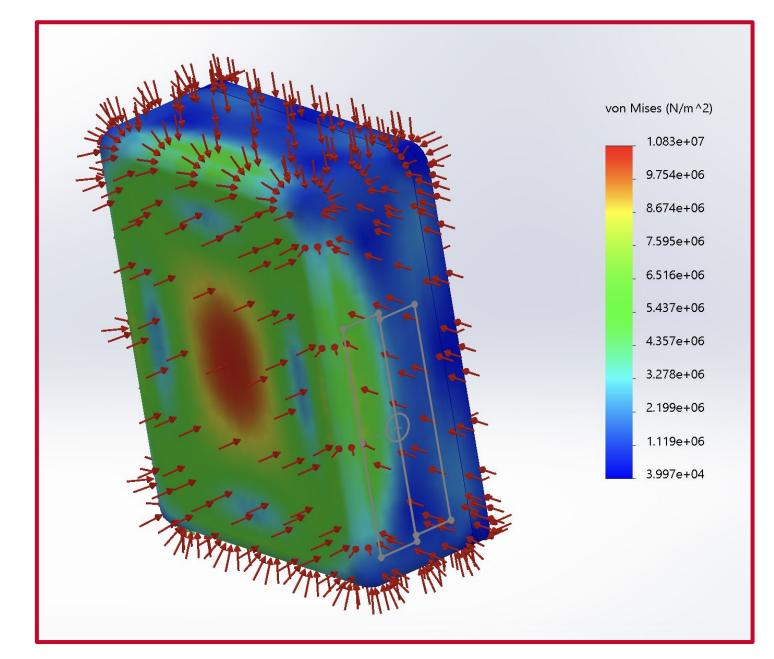
Customer Requirements / Product Functions

- Waterproof to 2 meters
- Weigh less than 7lbs
- Fit in 3ft x 3ft box
- Operate for 20 minutes
- Cost effective under \$500

Key Engineering Characteristics

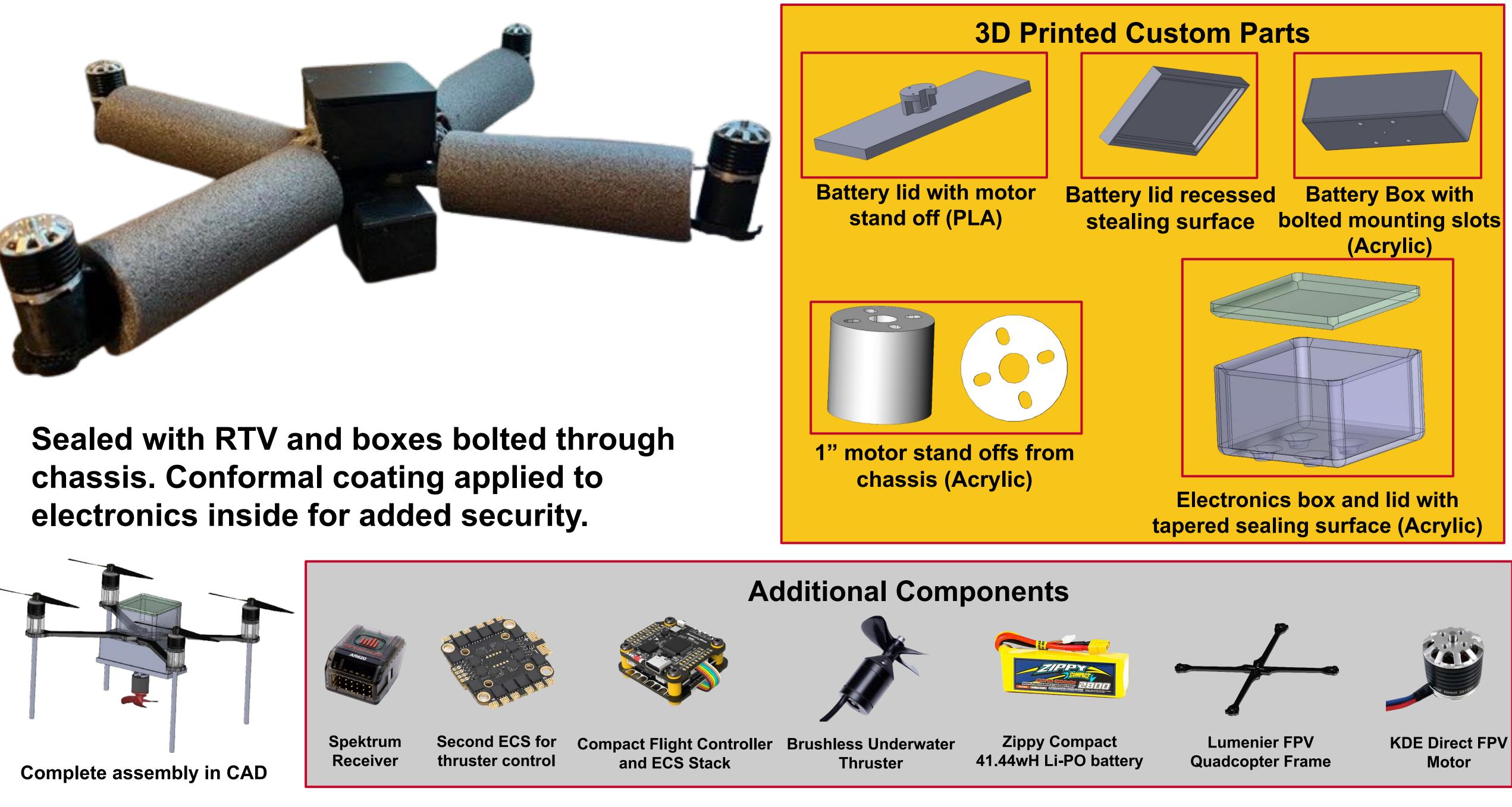
- Lift from propellers
- Buoyancy
- Flying/swimming speed
- Water depth survival

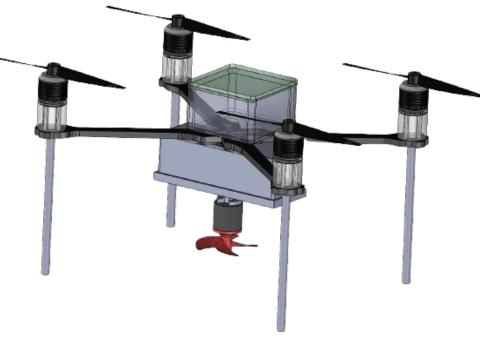
Design Calculations & Analysis



Informed by the relationship between depth and water pressure, our operating depth, and the material properties of the resin, as well as printing resolution, we set our wall thickness to 0.1"

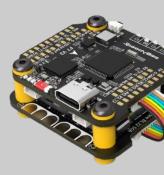
TEAM 36 The Water Boys Daniel Chen, Austin Lin, Gurshaan Mann, Evan O'Brien, Vishva Patel, Samuel Wu

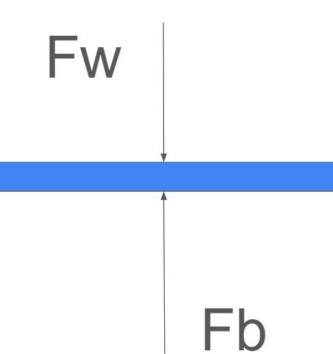




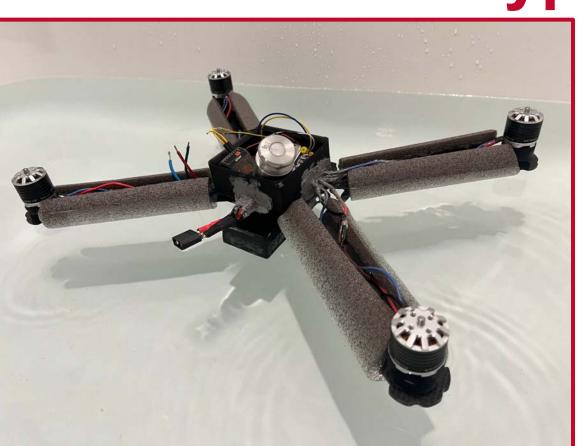








Using the formula $\rho^*V^*g = F_w$, we found the necessary Volume (V) from the density of water (ρ) , gravity and the total downwards acting force (F_w). This also gave us the freedom of design for our floatation device layout.



Buoyancy Testing: Ensuring the designated floats can support the quadrotor's weight just enough. Then the device was submerged to ensure its waterproof capabilities.



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Final Design



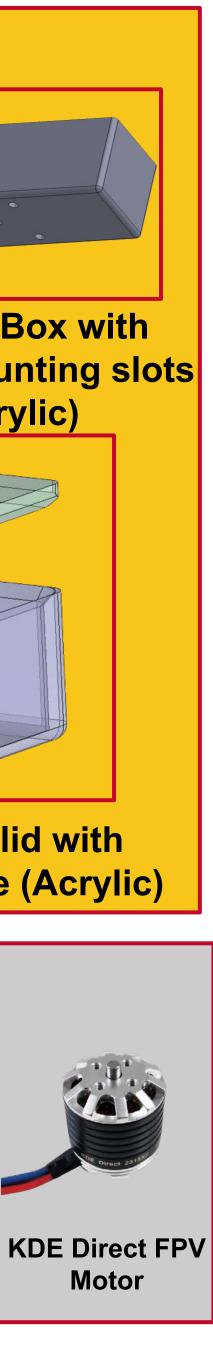




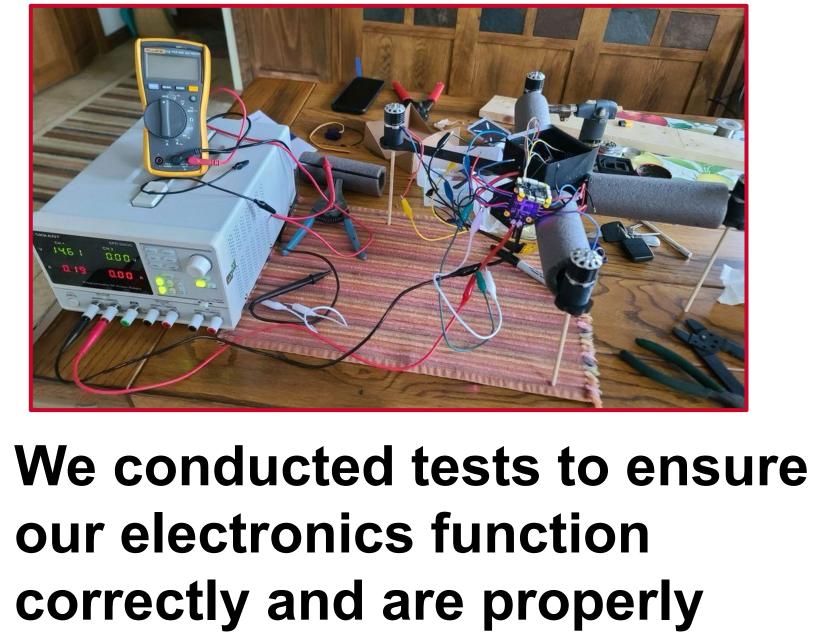








Prototype & Test Results



our electronics function powered, even after delivery, integration, and waterproofing.



